



## ***Planning Wetland Restoration in Agricultural Watersheds to improve water quality***

**Francisco A. Comín<sup>1</sup>**, Ricardo Sorando<sup>1</sup>, Alfonso Calvo<sup>2</sup>, Victor Guirado<sup>3</sup>, Nadia Darwiche<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Instituto Pirenaico Ecología-CSIC, Zaragoza, Spain

<sup>2</sup>Confederación Hidrográfica del Ebro-MMARM, Zaragoza, Spain

<sup>3</sup>KV Consultores, Madrid, Spain

### Outline

Introduction

Study area: River Flumen watershed

Objective: *A Protocol to identify and select zones to create/restore wetlands  
in irrigated agricultural watersheds*

Methods: The tools to select and prioritize action zones

Results: Selected sites

Discussion: Restoration Actions

<http://www.creamagua.com> “Creation and restoration of aquatic ecosystems to improve water quality and biodiversity”

## Introduction

In intensively irrigated agricultural watersheds:

-excess of pollutants discharged into rivers causes water quality degradation



-wetlands can be efficient systems to retain and remove pollutants from agricultural wastewater, thus contributing to the improvement of the river water and ecosystem.



-Planning wetland creation/restoration at watershed scale is required for this purpose:

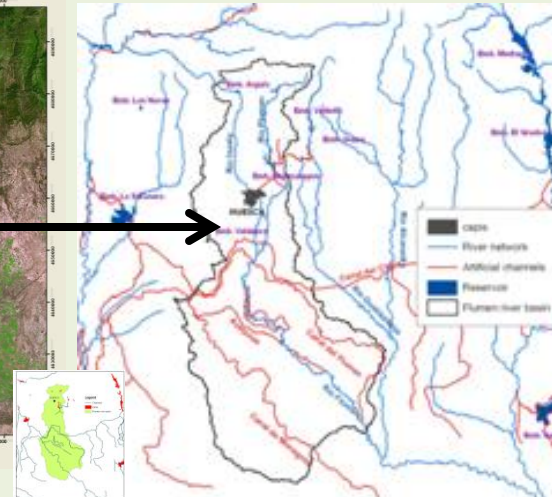
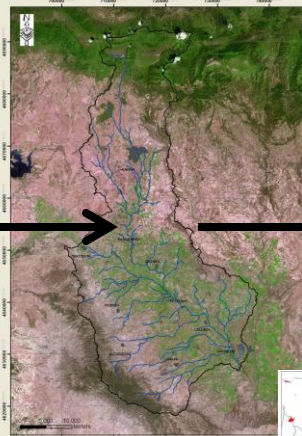
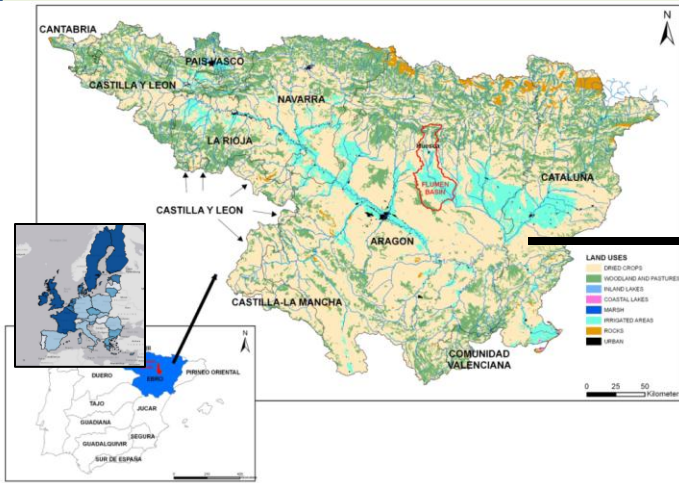
### Objective

Establishing a **protocol** for restoring/creating wetlands at watershed scale to improve water quality and biodiversity.

**Study area**

**Ebro Basin (NE Spain)**

**River Flumen watershed**



Basin area: 1431 km<sup>2</sup>  
River length: 120 km  
Climate: semiarid-  
Rainfall: 150-400 mm/yr  
PET = 1144.1 mm/yr  
Inhabitants: 65,000  
Flumen av. flow: 6 m<sup>3</sup>/s (2001)  
Intensively regulated

**Irrigation network:**



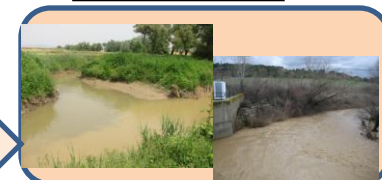
**Irrigated agricultural lands:**



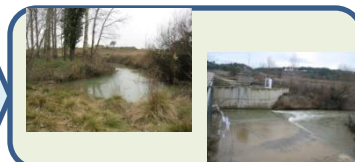
**Drainage network:**



**To the river:**



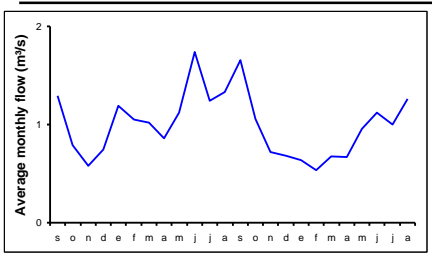
**Wetlands**



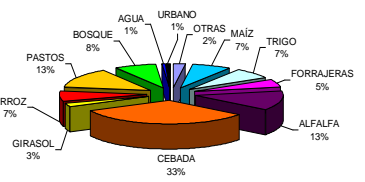
**River Flumen its watershed and its key environmental variables**

**2010-2011**

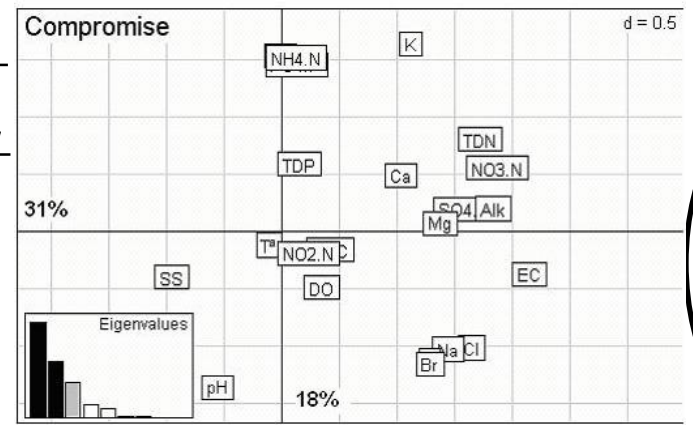
**Water flow at the river mouth (\*)**



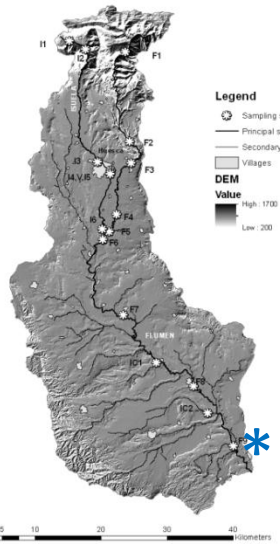
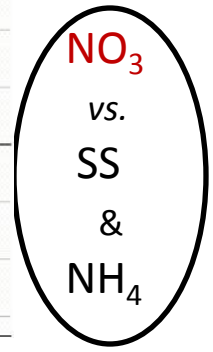
**Relative watershed land covers**



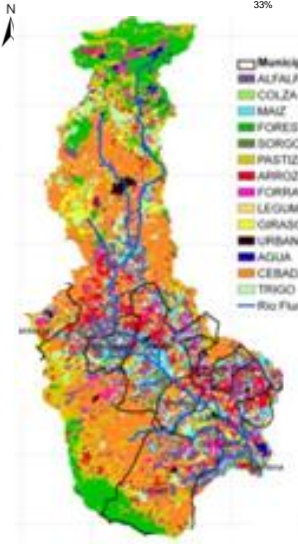
**Multifactorial analysis of water quality variables**



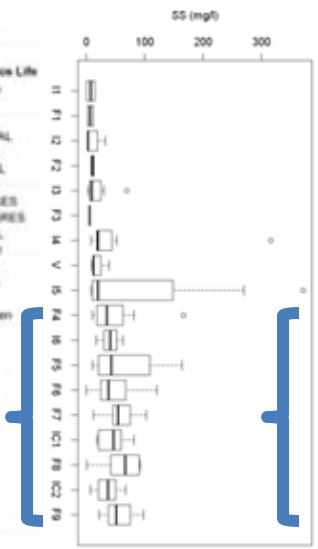
**Key variables**



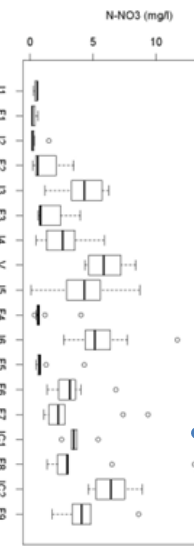
Natural river drainage network  
Location of sampling sites



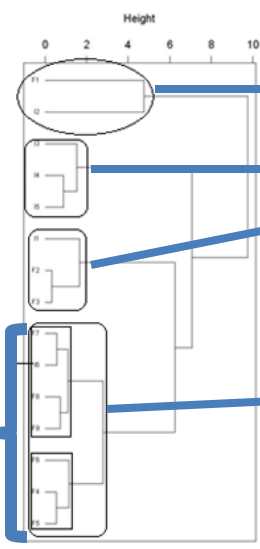
Land cover



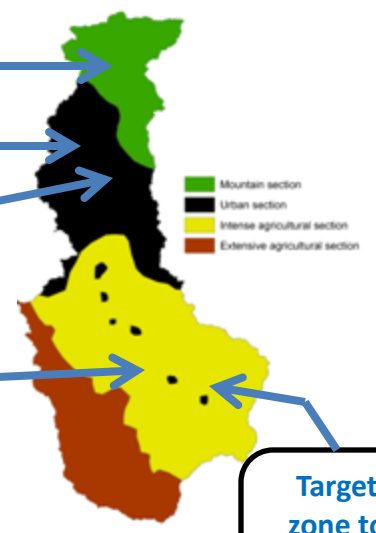
**Suspended solids**  
concentrations along the river axis



**NO<sub>3</sub>**

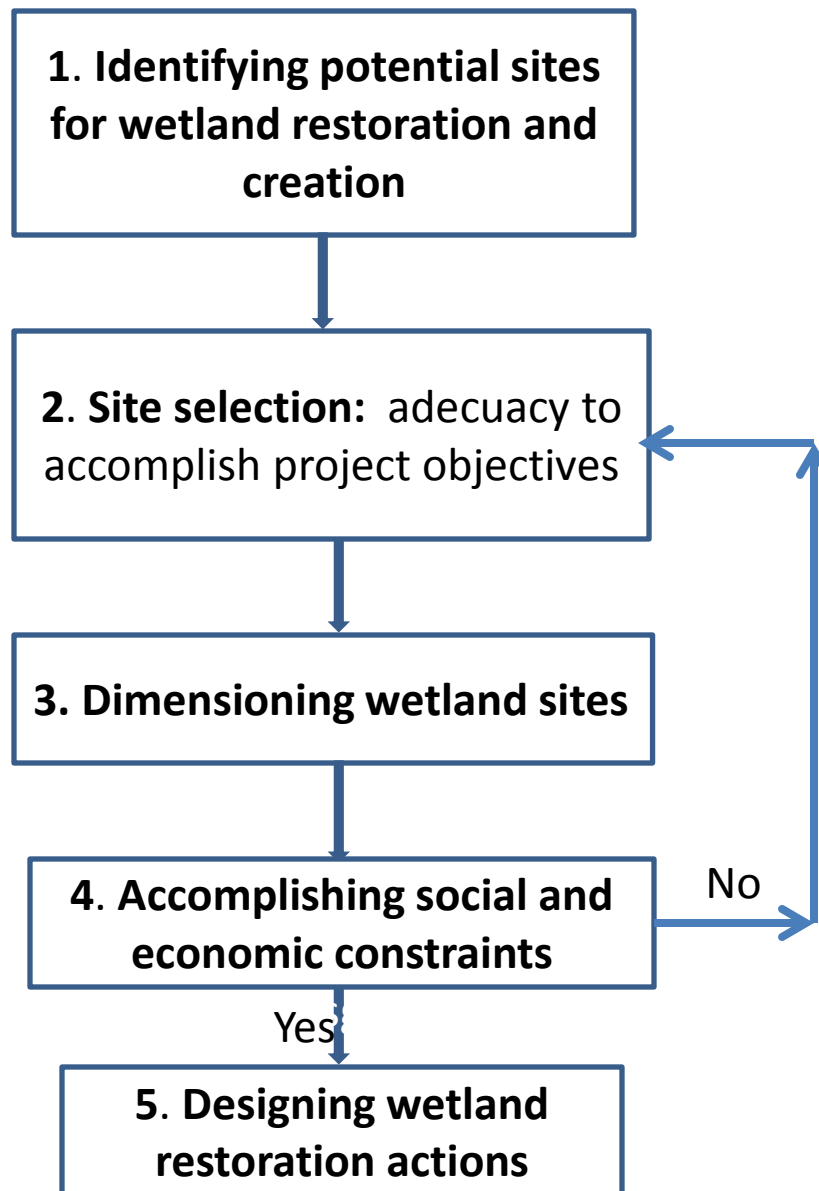


Clustering river zones by water quality similarity



**Target zone to restore/create wetlands**

Protocol steps:



**Criteria**

**Protocol steps**

**Tools**

-Recovering destroyed and degraded wetlands  
-Agreement with hidrogeomorphic characteristics of wetland sites

-Absolute and relative importance for removing nitrate discharge to the river

-Dimensioning parameters to remove nitrate

-Social constraints: Land availability for wetland creation/restoration  
-Economic constraints: Budget availability for wetland creation/restoration

-Design characteristics for the improvement of wetland functions

**1. Identifying potential sites for wetland restoration and creation**

**2. Site selection:** adecuacy to accomplish project objectives

**3. Dimensioning wetland sites**

**4. Accomplishing social and economic constraints**

**5. Designing wetland restoration actions**

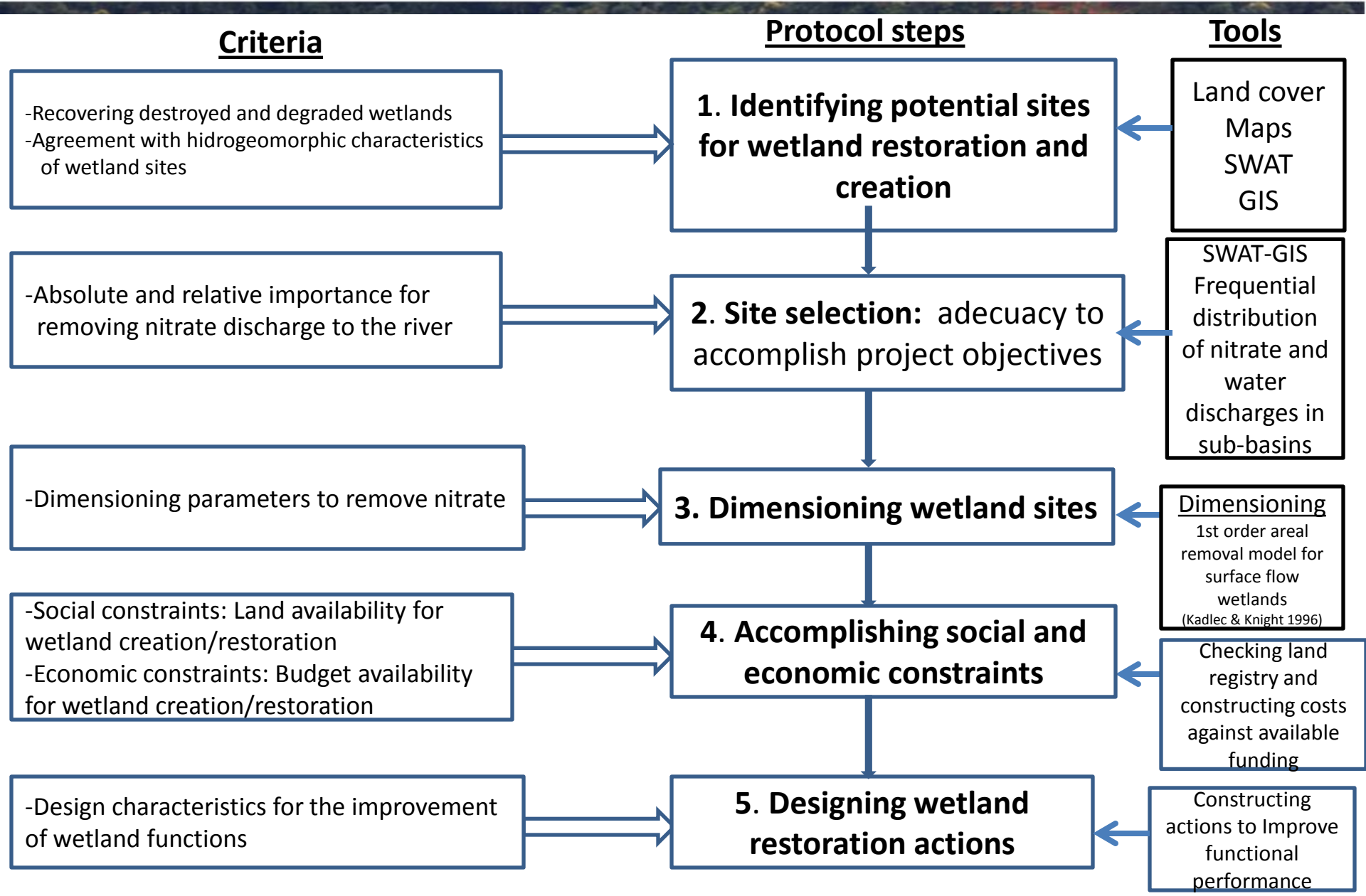
Land cover  
Maps  
SWAT  
GIS

SWAT-GIS  
Frequential distribution of nitrate and water discharges in sub-basins

Dimensioning  
1st order areal removal model for surface flow wetlands (Kadlec & Knight 1996)

Checking land registry and constructing costs against available funding

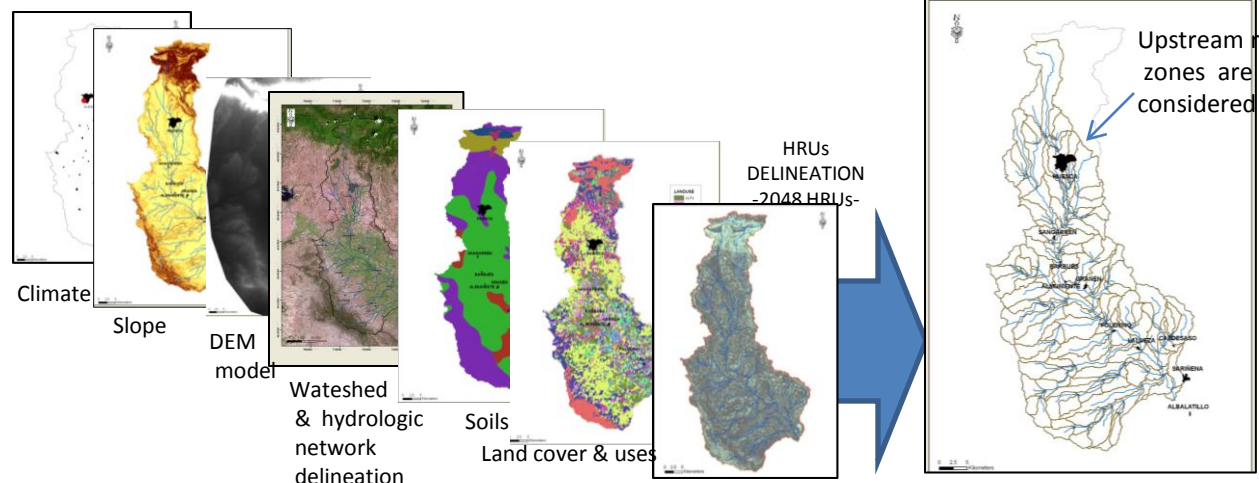
Constructing actions to Improve functional performance



# 1. Identifying potential sites for wetland restoration and creation: The SWAT tool

Delineate subwatersheds of Flumen River with direct surface run-off to the river

SWAT-The Soil and Water Assessment Tool 2009 SWAT is a river basin scale model developed to quantify the impact of land management practices in large, complex watersheds.



## Sub-basins delineation -163 subbasins-

Watershed	Area [ha]	Area[acres]	%Wat.Area
	127134.1200	314154.7672	
	Number of Subbasins: 163		
	Area [ha]	Area[acres]	%Wat.Area
	LANDUSE:		
Spring Canola-Polish --> CANP	663.3512	1639.1740	0.52
Corn --> CORN	9207.2871	22751.6667	7.24
Winter Wheat --> WWHT	9182.4281	22690.2389	7.22
Italian (Annual) Ryegrass --> RYEG	6944.8759	17161.1356	5.46
Alfalfa --> ALFA	16797.0821	41506.4298	13.21
Winter Barley --> WBAR	41351.9900	102182.8349	32.53
Sunflower --> SUNF	3216.5924	7948.3607	2.53
Rice --> RICE	8985.3346	22203.2112	7.07
Grain Sorghum --> GRSG	483.1942	1193.9970	0.38
Pasture --> PAST	17085.2040	42218.3933	13.44
Soybean --> SOYB	1518.5815	3752.4908	1.19
Forest-Mixed --> FRST	9869.8298	24388.8430	7.76
Water --> WATR	841.4871	2079.3567	0.66
Residential --> URBN	986.8819	2438.6346	0.78
	SOILS:		
FINE TEXTURE	102063.3577	252203.6600	80.28
MEDIUM TEXTURE	9228.0635	22803.0064	7.26
MEDIUM-FINE TEXTURE	15842.6988	39148.1009	12.46
	SLOPE:		
0-2	36206.6629	89468.4743	28.48
10-20	11070.5396	27355.8568	8.71
20-9999	13256.2314	32756.8107	10.43
2-5	49147.1244	121445.0018	38.66
5-10	17453.5617	43128.6237	13.73

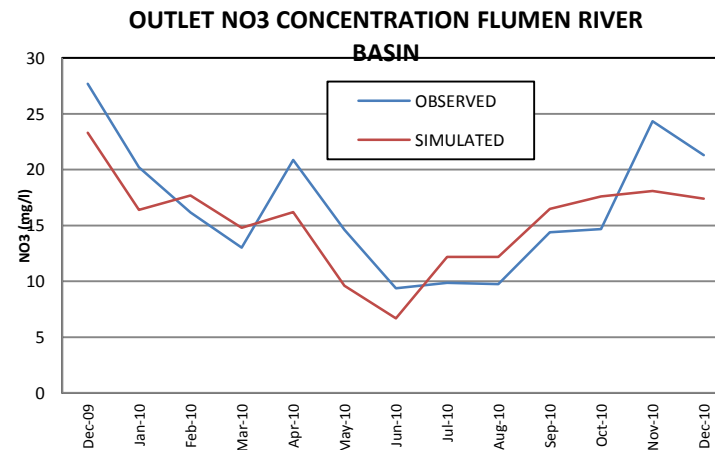
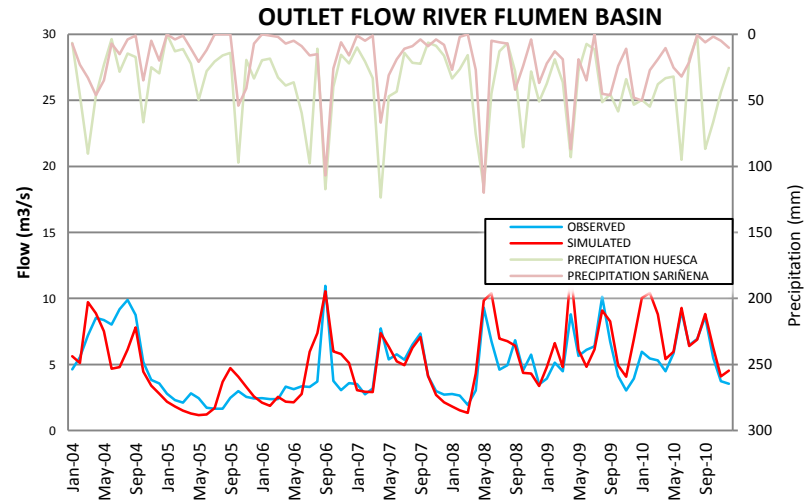
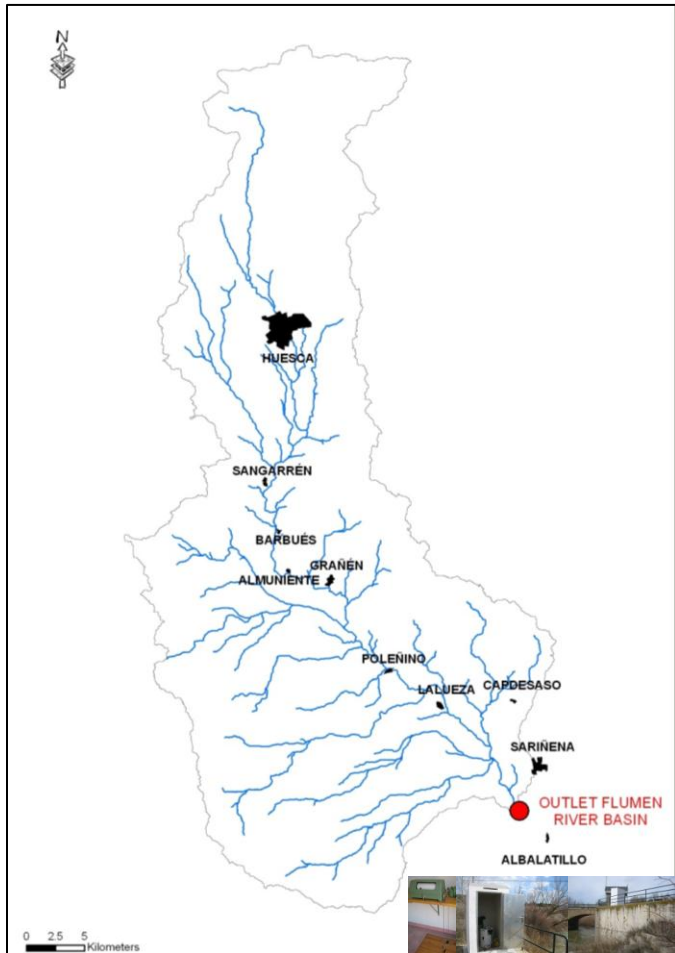
### Farming land uses (-fertilizer use-)

Crop	Irrigation (m3/Ha per year)	Fertilization (Kg NO <sup>3</sup> /Ha per year)	
		Basic dressing	Top dressing
ALFALFA	9000-12000	500 (Urea)	500 (Urea)
CORN	8000-10000	1000 (NPK 8-15-15)	700 (Urea)
RICE	15000-16000	300 (Urea)	
BARLEY*	3000-4000	500 (NPK 8-15-15)	200 (Urea)
WHEAT	4000-5000	550 (NPK 8-15-15)	250 (Urea)

**Every delineated subbasin (163) has a potential site for wetland creation/restoration at the subbasin outlet**

## 2. Site selection: Selecting subbasins with high nitrate discharge

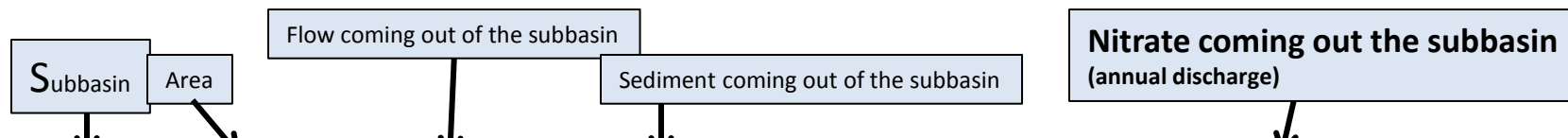
### Calibrating the SWAT model for water and NO<sub>3</sub> discharge at the watershed outlet



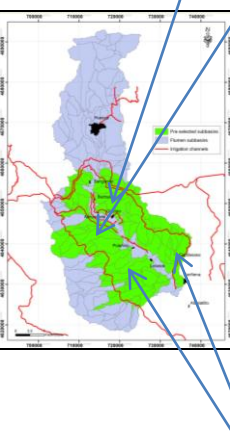


## 2. Site selection: Selecting subbasins with high nitrate discharge

- The calibrated model is applied to all delineated subbasins of the target area for obtaining water, suspended solids and nitrate discharges
- SWAT provides quantity and quality flow data, sediment transport and pollution accumulation in river channel and soils for all the river sections of each subbasin.
- Depending on the time scale of the input information we can obtain daily, monthly or yearly results (monthly in this case).



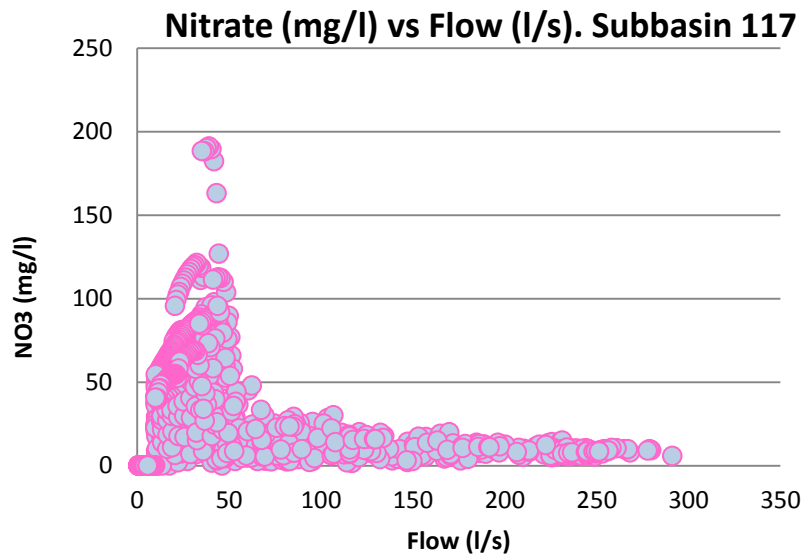
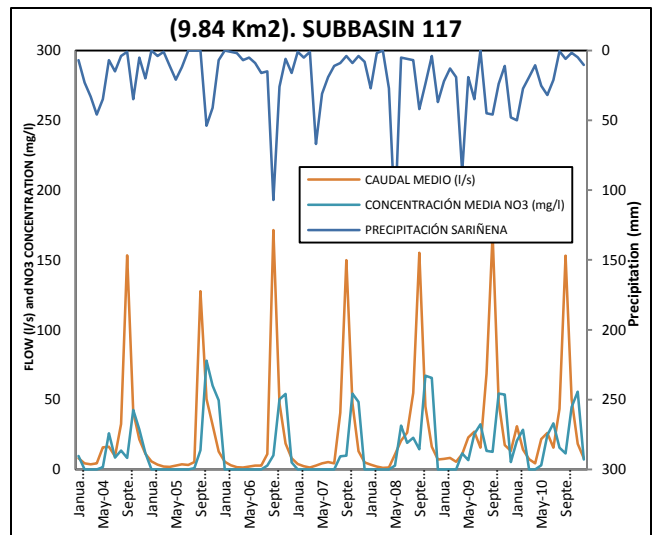
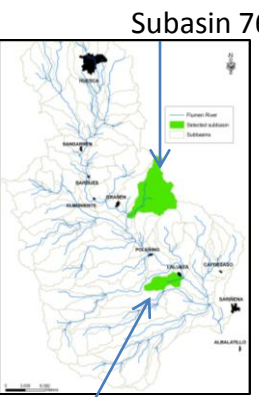
SUB	YEAR	MONTH	AREA	FLOW_IN	FLOW_OUT	SED_IN	SED_OUT	ORGN_I	ORGN_OU	ORGP_I	ORGP_OU	NO3_IN	NO3_OU	
B	R	N	m <sup>2</sup>	cms	Q m <sup>3</sup> /d	cms	ons	ons	Nkg	Tkg	Nkg	Tkg	kg	Tkg
1	2004	1	20.47	0.2111	64929,61	2385	2.164	2.164	8.749	8.139	1.505	1.255	8064	9106
2	2004	1	50.48	0.3702	39960,577		3.985	3.985	16.1	21.41	2.877	3.419	5412	8132
3	2004	1	6.129	0.06559	4329,504	0.07018	1.381	1.381	6.215	5.588	1.054	0.8495	3430	3676
4	2004	1	9.664	0.07554	4321,728	0.08524	0.8735	0.8735	3.18	3.092	0.5428	0.4725	3356	
5	2004	1	6.477	0.09237	2569,536	0.0986	0.5644	0.5644	2.783	2.512	0.4446	0.3594	2371	
6	2004	1	6.469	0.07425	10851,84	0.07739	1.082	1.082	5.037	4.383	0.851	0.6636	2417	2521
7	2004	1	73.08	0.8204	3513,888	0.8376	3.703	12.83	716.6	620.8	93.13	73.21	15630	15960
8	2004	1	19.3	0.1643	11914,56	0.1734	2.255	3.288	8.68	7.692	1.322	1.05	7761	8197
9	2004	1	12.54	0.04012	65957,76	0.0434	2.305E-07	2.305E-07	0.0000218	0	0.0000645	0	1024	1103
10	2004	1	7.946	0.02622	9504	0.03292	0.000000	0.00000027	0.0000164	0	0.0000494	0	1104	1381
11	2004	1	20.86	0.07843	1994,976	0.07825	7.211E-07	0.173	7.852E-07	0	0.0000023	0	2654	2648
12	2004	1	16.27	0.1789	654,134	0.2641	2.704	2.704	11.25	12.67	1.878	1.895	7139	10680
13	2004	1	102.4	1.042	2667,168	1.076	16.23	36.73	629.2	545.3	74.44	58.14	24430	25240
14	2004	1	11.39	0.03842	12329,28	0.05377	0.09556	0.983	0.7262	0.8954	0.1546	0.1723	312.6	437.3
15	2004	1	10	0.01954	2019,168	0.0228	0.05565	0.05565	0.2861	0.3149	0.08022	0.07981	2681	3127
16	2004	1	117.4	1.14	5961,61	1.145	37.79	39.43	546.6	459.9	58.42	44.28	26070	26190
17	2004	1	45.05	0.3664	2779,488	0.371	2.877	5.587	12.67	10.72	1.895	1.437	14720	14900
18	2004	1	31.02	0.2349	23544,0	0.2954	1.646	9.479	6.895	5.921	1.023	0.7876	6978	8765
19	2004	1	28.35	1.323	15232,32	1.334	2.235E-07		0.0000549	0	0.0001647	0	5592	5714
20	2004	1	9.035	0.02769	35519,	0.02779	1.379E-07	1.379E-07	0.0000165	0	0.0000496	0	807.8	810.7
21	2004	1	9.661	0.03575	23639,04	0.03554	1.532E-07	1.532E-07	0.0000163	0	0.0000490	0	1637	1627



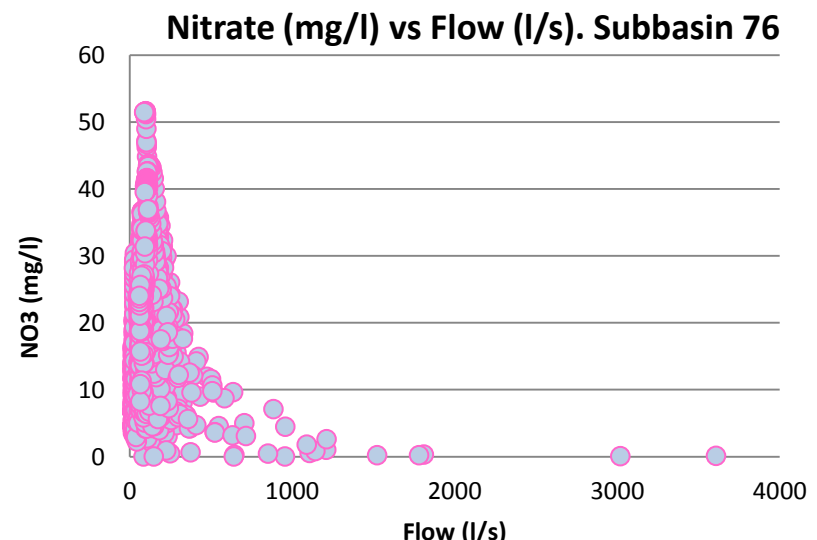
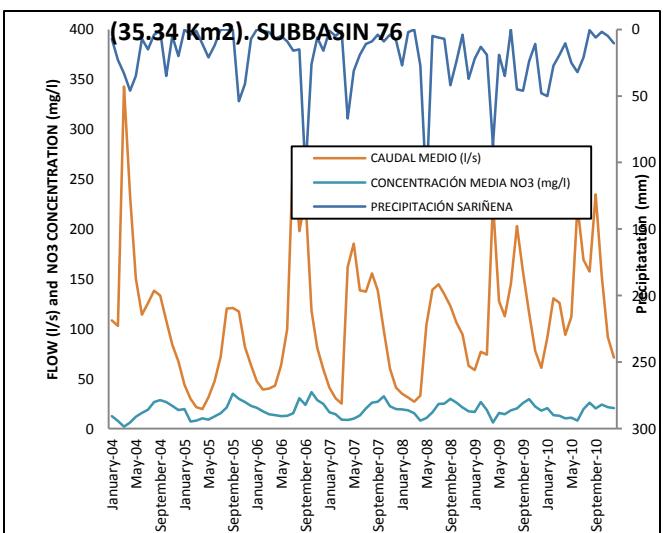
**2. Site selection: Selecting subbasins with high nitrate discharge**

SWAT simulation of water and nitrate discharges for every subbasin

Two selected subbasins



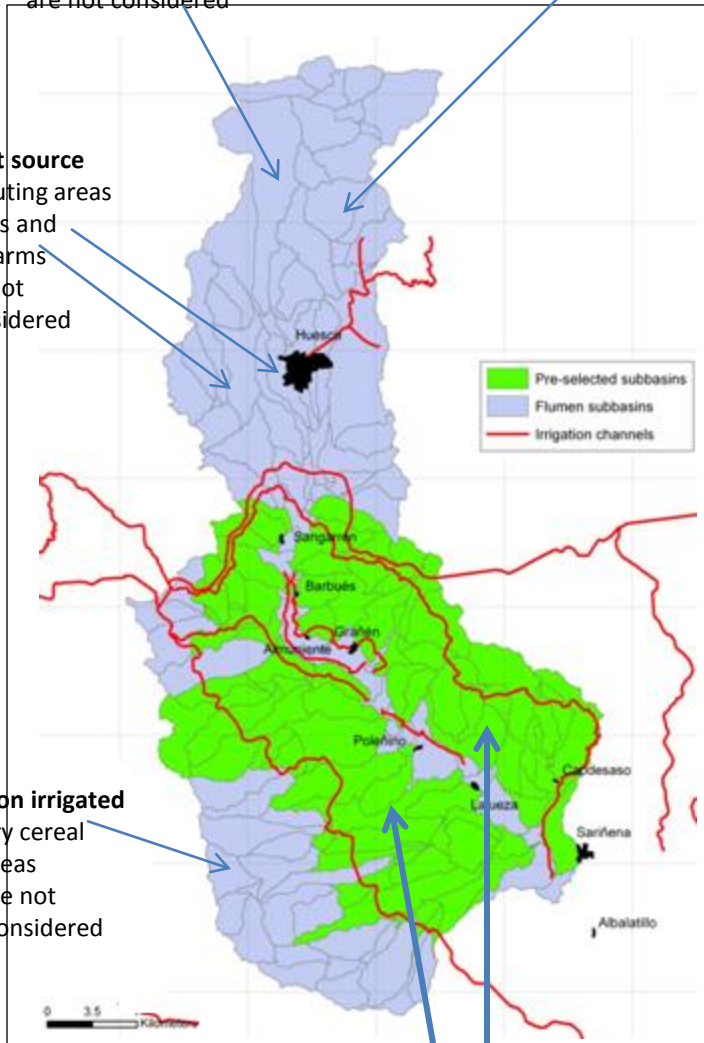
Subbasin 117



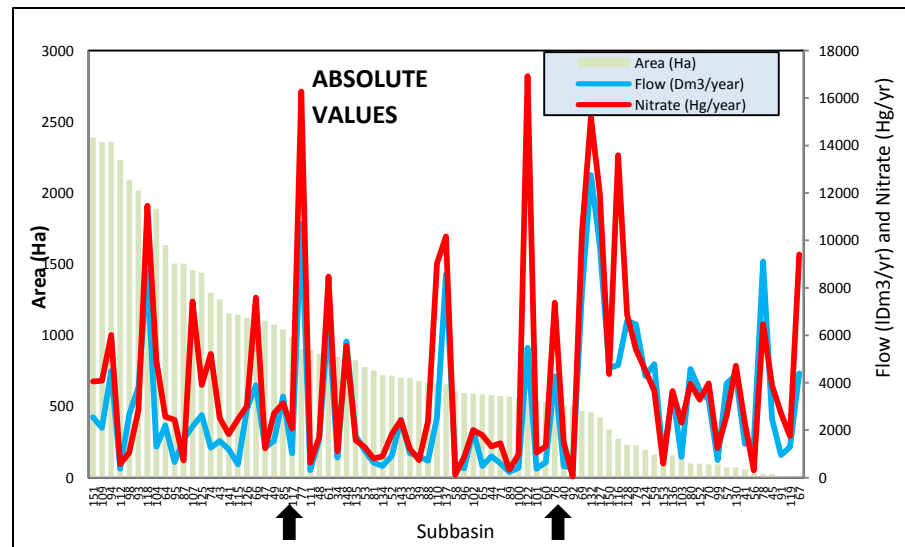
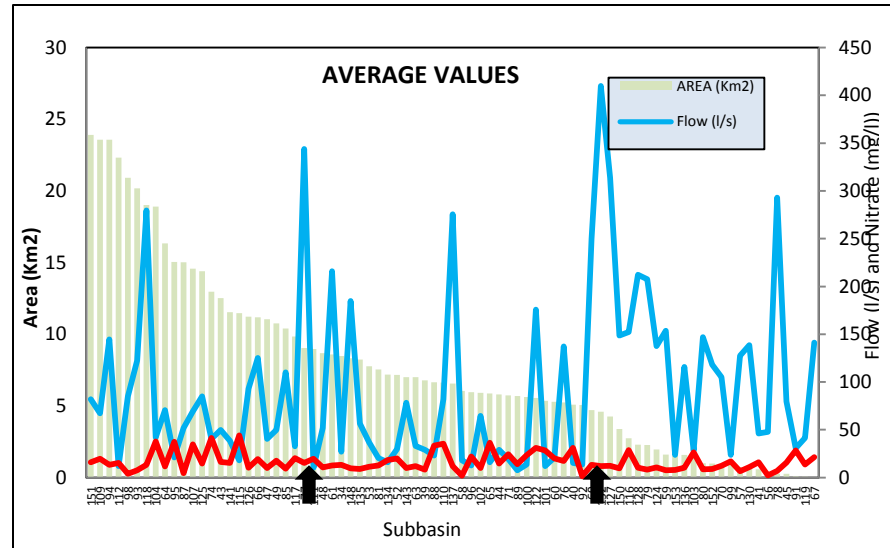
## 2. Site selection: Selecting subbasins with high nitrate discharge

Natural wood & grassland areas and upstream reservoir zones are not considered

Point source  
polluting areas  
-cities and  
pig farms  
are not  
considered  
here



Non irrigated  
dry cereal  
areas  
are not  
considered



**70 subbasins with high non-point agricultural NO<sub>3</sub> discharge are selected**

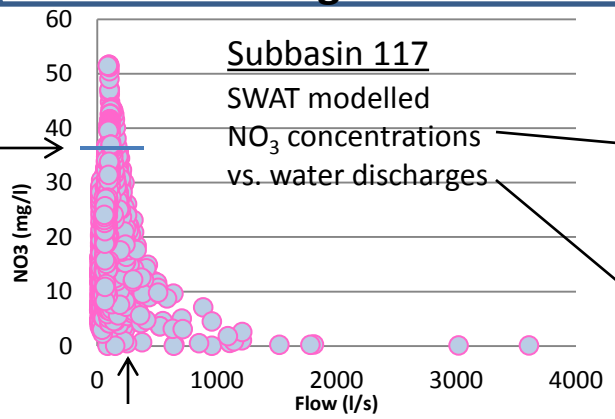
### 3. Dimensioning wetland sites

The first order areal model to estimate the wetland area to achieve a target outlet **nitrate** concentration (Kadlec & Knight 1996)

$$A = (0,0365 Q/k) \cdot \ln(C_i - C^*/C_o - C^*)$$

where

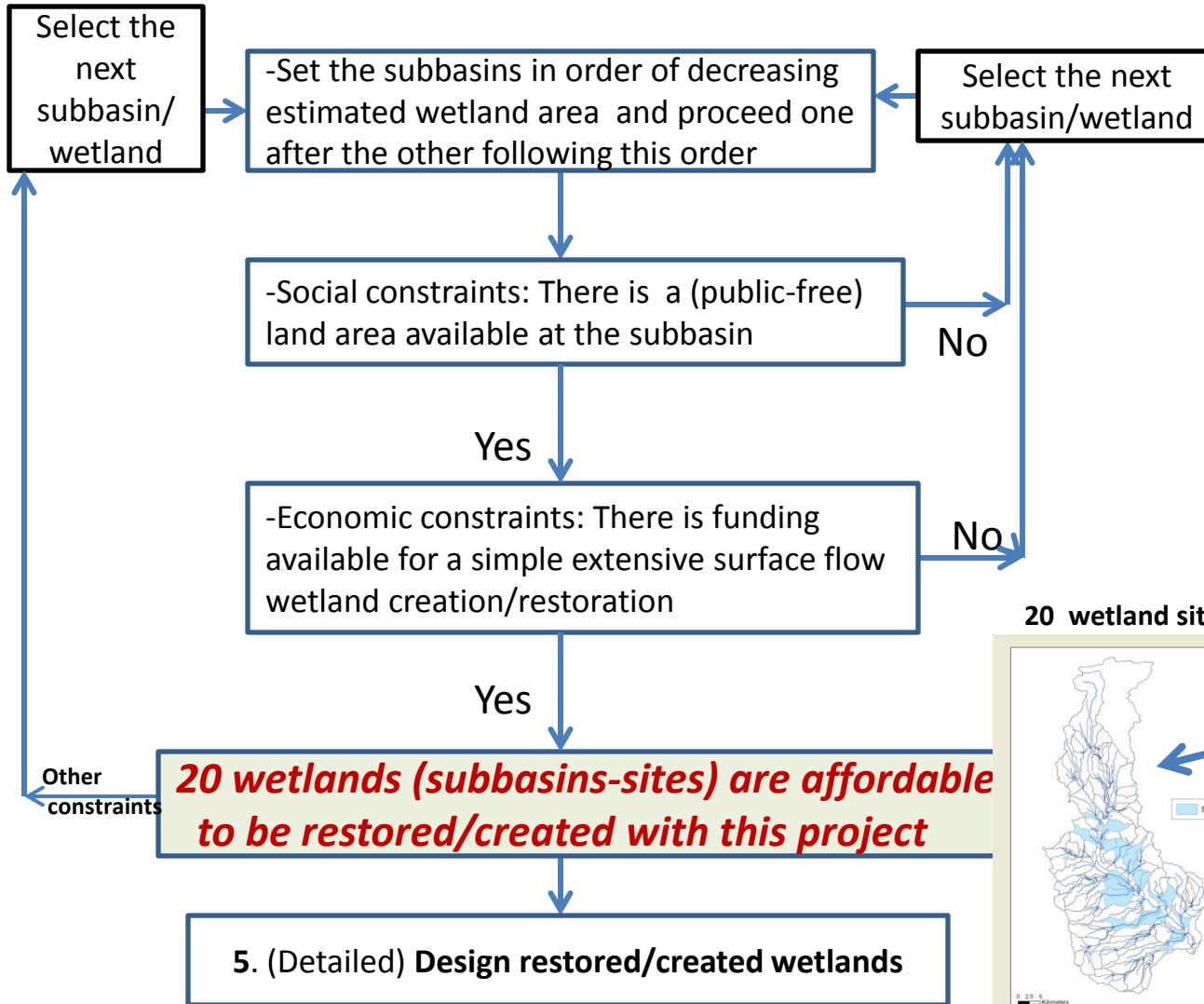
- A-wetland area (ha)
- C<sub>i</sub>-inlet concentration (mg/L)  
(min<sup>o</sup> concentration of the third quartile=max<sup>o</sup> 75th percentile)
- C<sub>o</sub>-outlet concentration (mg/L) (target outlet concentration 2 mg/L)
- Q- water flow rate (m<sup>3</sup>/d) (third quartile of the range of N=3 concentrations selected)
- K-first order areal rate constant (35 m/yr)



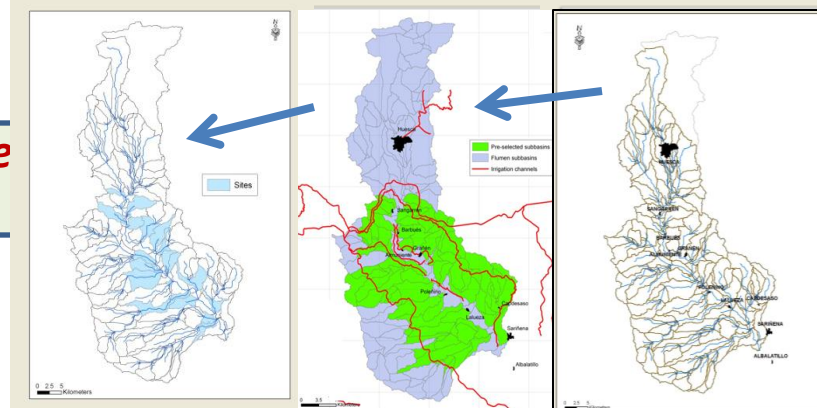
SUB	SUB	YEAR	MO	Q m3/d	AREAKm2	FLOW_IN Ncms	FLOW_OUTcms	SED_IN tons	SED_OUTons	ORGN_IN Nkg	ORGN_OUTkg	ORGP_IN Nkg	ORGP_OUTkg	NO3_IN kg	NO3_OUTkg	NO3_in mg/L	Wetland Area (ha)
1		372004	1	64929,620.47	2.111	0.2385	2.164	2.164	8.749	8.139	1.505	1.255	8064	9106	3,33621	92,5947	
2		412004	1	399650.48	0.3702	0.577	3.985	3.985	16.1	21.41	2.877	3.419	5412	8132	15,9169	17,9168	
3		432004	1	43296.129	0.06559	0.07018	1.381	1.381	6.215	5.588	1.054	0.8495	3430	3676	16,0175	19,4604	
4		492004	1	4321,7289.664	0.07554	0.08524	0.8735	0.8735	3.18	3.092	0.5428	0.4725	3356		17,2997	20,0129	
5		522004	1	2569,5366.477	0.09237	0.0986	0.5644	0.5644	2.783	2.512	0.4446	0.3594	2371		19,7048	12,4856	
6		662004	1	10851,846.469	0.07425	0.07739	1.082	1.082	5.037	4.383	0.851	0.6636	2417	2521	19,2004	52,2382	
7		742004	1	3513,88873.08	0.8204	0.8376	3.703	12.83	716.6	620.8	93.13	73.21	15630	15960	40,9209	21,4941	
8		762004	1	11914,5619.3	0.1643	0.1734	2.255	3.288	8.68	7.692	1.322	1.05	7761	8197	17,0165	54,8271	
9		822004	1	65957,7	12.54	0.04012	0.0434	2,31E-04	2,31E-04	0.00002181	0	0.00006453	0	1024	1103	10,9250	251,148
10		852004	1	9504	7.946	0.02622	0.03292	0.000000	0.0000002	0.000016	0	0.000049	0	1104	1381	9,05458	32,8958
11		882004	1	1994,97620.86	0.07843	0.07825	7.2E-07	0.173	7,85E-04	0	0.000002	0	2654	2648	32,8688	11,4574	
12		892004	1	654,134416.27	0.1789	0.2641	2.704	2.704	11.25	12.67	1.878	1.895	7139	10680	13,8931	2,77470	
13		912004	1	2667,168102.4	1.042	1.076	16.23	36.73	629.2	545.3	74.44	58.14	24430	25240	27,9725	14,5798	
14		942004	1	12329,2811.39	0.03842	0.05377	0.09556	0.983	0.7262	0.8954	0.1546	0.1723	312.6	437.3	13,1952	51,1598	
15		992004	1	2019,16810	0.01954	0.0228	0.05565	0.05565	0.2861	0.3149	0.08022	0.07981	2681	3127	16,8508	9,25675	
16		1072004	1	5961,6117.4	1.14	1.145	37.79	39.43	546.6	459.9	58.42	44.28	26070	26190	34,0967	34,6123	
17		1172004	1	2779,48845.05	0.3664	0.371	2.877	5.587	12.67	10.72	1.895	1.437	14720	14900	20,0731	13,5957	
18		1182004	1	2354431.02	0.2349	0.2954	1.646	9.479	6.895	5.921	1.023	0.7876	6978	8765	13,0015	97,0696	
19		1222004	1	15232,3228.35	1.323	1.334	2.2E-07	0	0.000054	0	0.000164	0	5592	5714	30,5547	85,5764	
20		1322004	1	35519,9.035	0.02769	0.02779	1,38E-04	1,38E-04	0.000016	0	0.000049	0	807.8	810.7	11,7586	139,999	
21		1372004	1	23639,049.661	0.03575	0.03554	1.5E-07	1,53E-04	0.000016	0	0.000049	0	1637	1627	11,7055	92,9797	

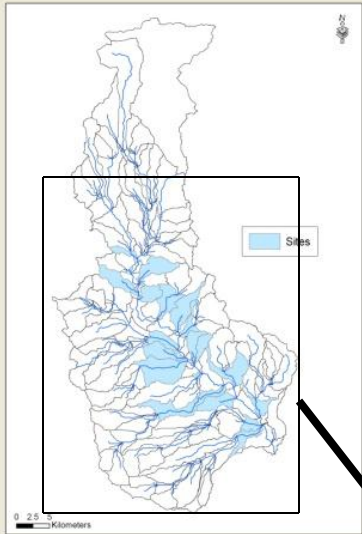
A-wetland area (ha)

### 4. Accomplishing social and economic constraints

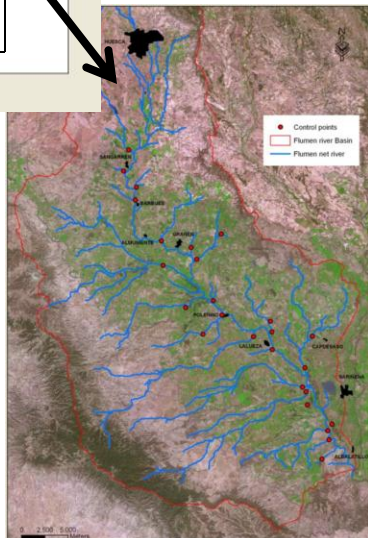


20 wetland sites of 70 selected of 163 potential subbasins

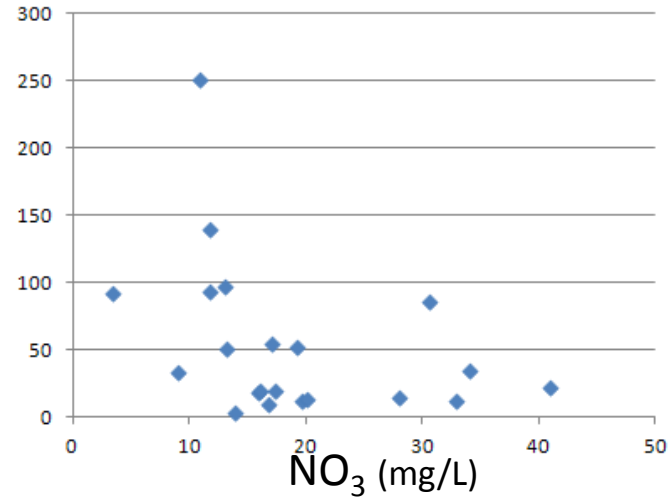




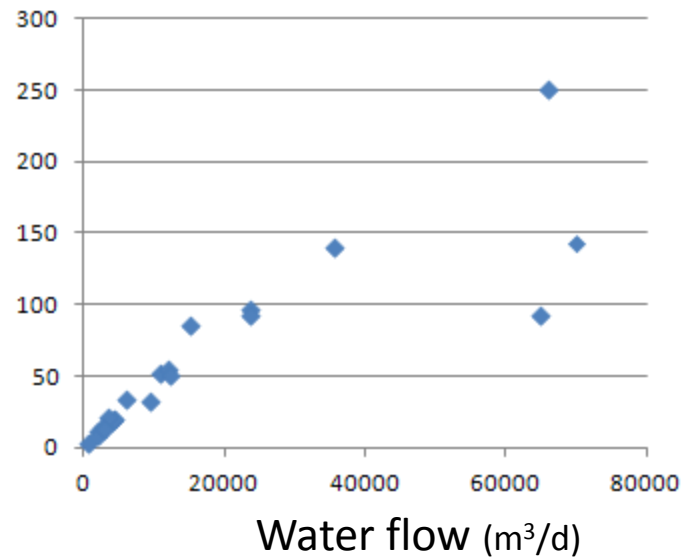
**20 wetland sites  
selected and  
affordable  
with this project**



Area  
(ha)



Area  
(ha)



Before (2011)



Before (2011)



Sub-basin 76 (35 km<sup>2</sup>)

Wetland: 11914 m<sup>3</sup>/d; 17 mg/L; 54 ha



After (2012)

Before (2011)



Before (2011)



Sub-basin 117 (9,87 km<sup>2</sup>)

Wetland: 2779 m<sup>3</sup>/d; 20 mg/L; 13,5 ha



After (2012)